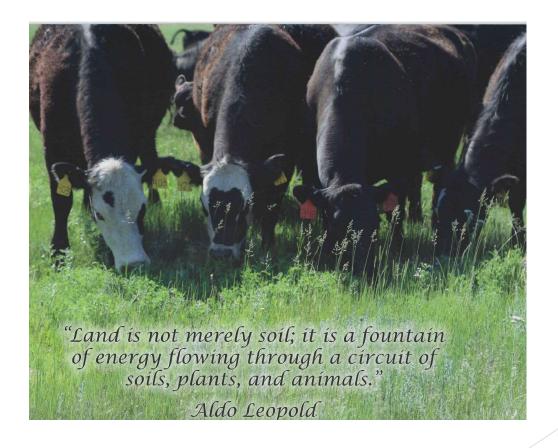


What is an ecosystem?
Assembly of populations that function to support themselves and their environment



### **OUTLINE**

01

Plants, plant associations, ecosystem structure and function

02

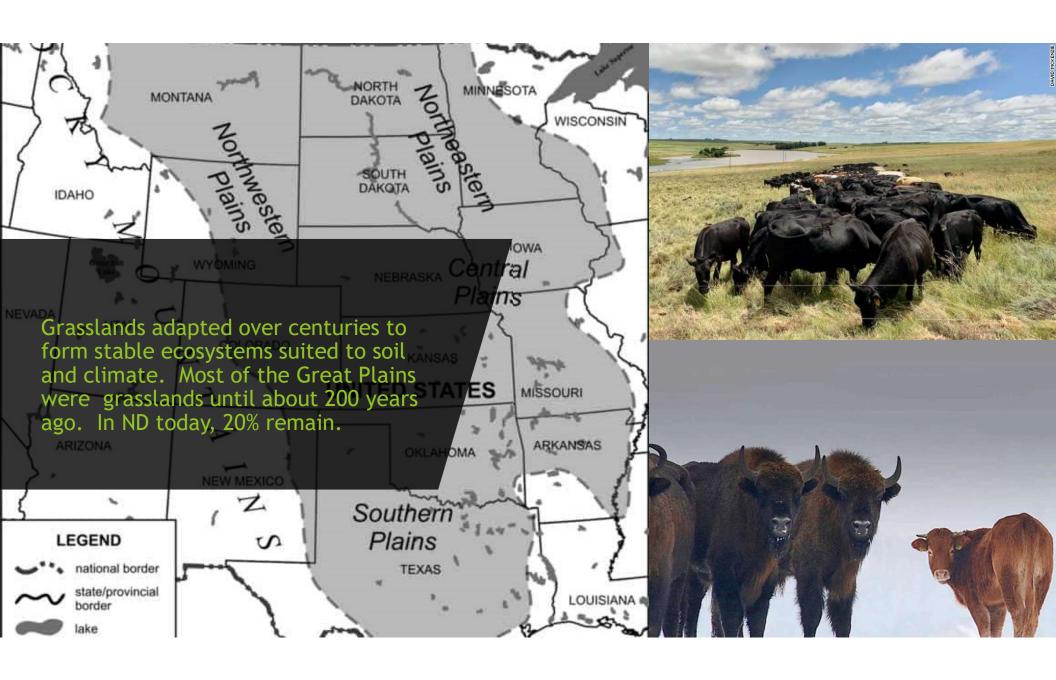
Plants as solar collectors compared to synthetic collectors

03

Special project

- a) design a multipurpose plant
- b) document your favorite grassland







# Grasslands are hidden bastions of biodiversity

https://news.mongabay.com/2016/08/savannas-and-grasslands-are-more-biodiverse-than-you-might-think-and-were-not-doing-enough-to-conserve-them/



Avian habitat



Mammal habitat



Insect habitat



Amphibian habitat

### Grassland plants support many habitats

- Plants provide variable structure, e.g. density, height, architecture
- Specific plants support specific organisms, e.g. milkweed for monarchs, flowers for pollinators, forage with specific nutrient contents
- Waste products and exudates feed soil macro and micro organisms, e.g. manure, root exudates, necromass
- Phytochemicals for livestock and human meat nutrition

Plants convert solar energy and feed the soil they need to grow on.



The soil and plants provide a fertile environment for organisms that breakdown nutrients for plants





Common Milkweed seed pods.

Painted Lady nectaring on Swamp Milkweed Landscapes with diverse arrays of plants are nutrition centers and pharmacies with vast arrays of phytochemicals.



Nothing is more important for health through nutrition than...

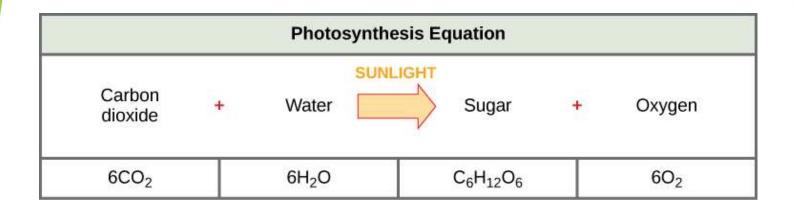
...landscapes with a variety of foods for herbivores, omnivores, and carnivores above and below ground.





Conversion of solar energy (photons) to chemical energy (electron excitation)

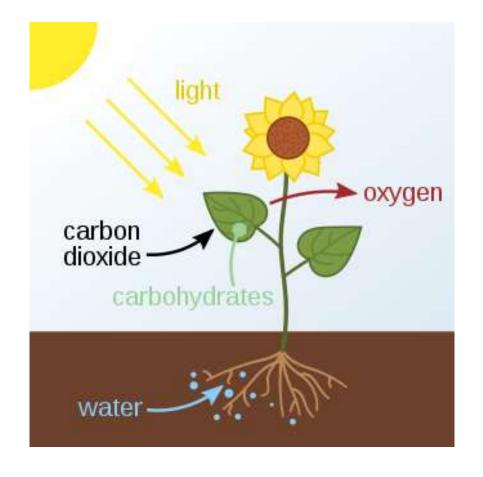
### What is fundamental to all ecosystems? Where does energy come from in grasslands?



Grassland plants convert solar energy to chemical energy to feed the rest of the ecosystem

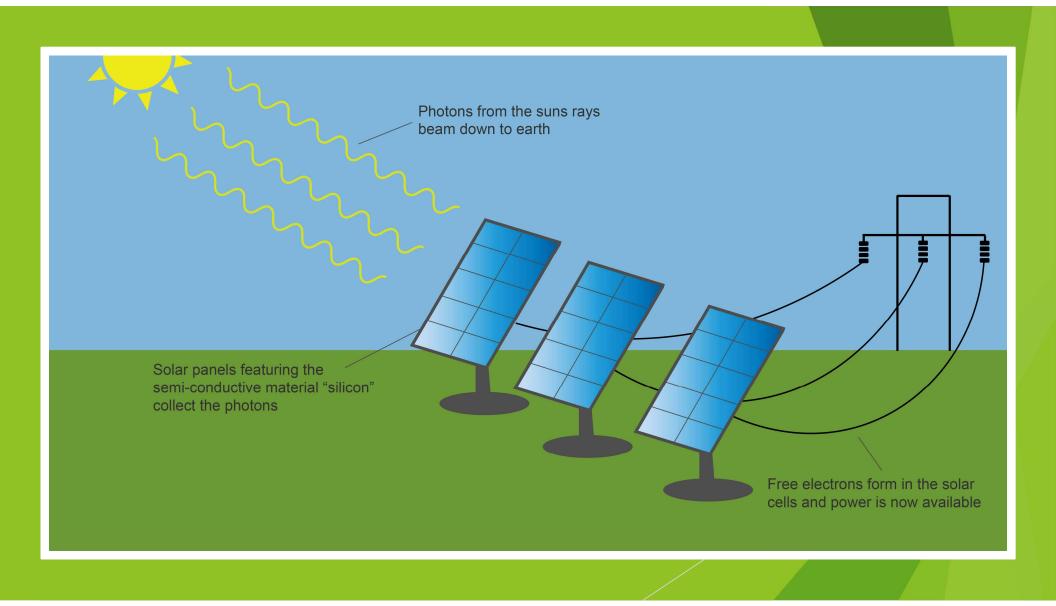
## Energy from Sun collected by Leaf

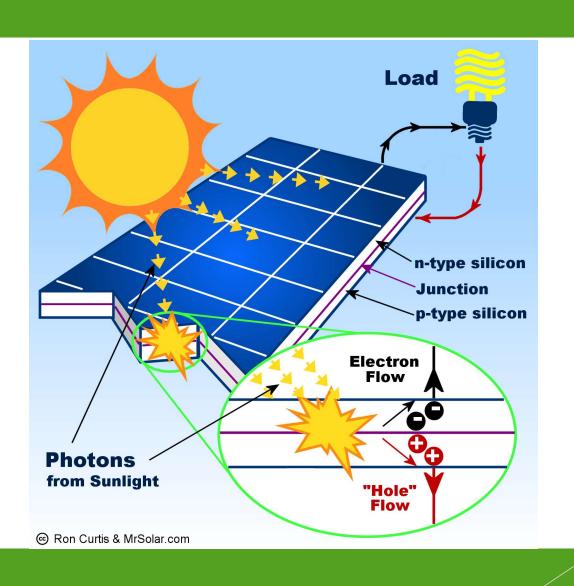
- Solar energy as photons on plant leaf energize electrons
- These electrons are replaced by oxidizing water
- lons from water create a gradient that flows to generate energy, called ATP
- This energy is used for completion of photosynthesis

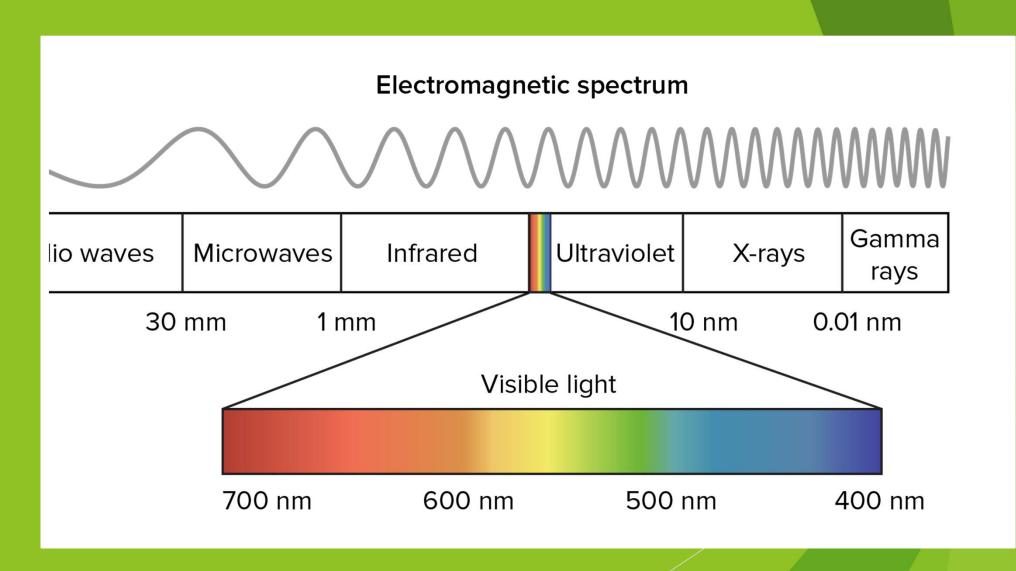


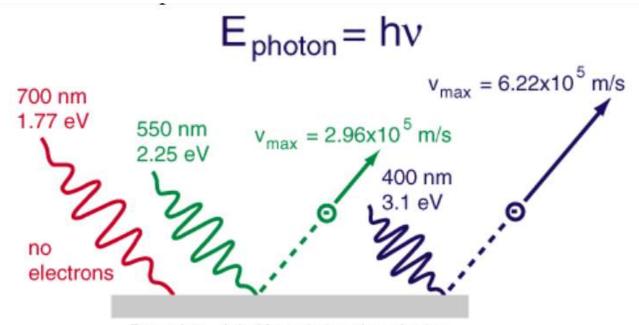
So why should I care about how plants collect solar energy?

Humans collect solar energy, and there are similarities.



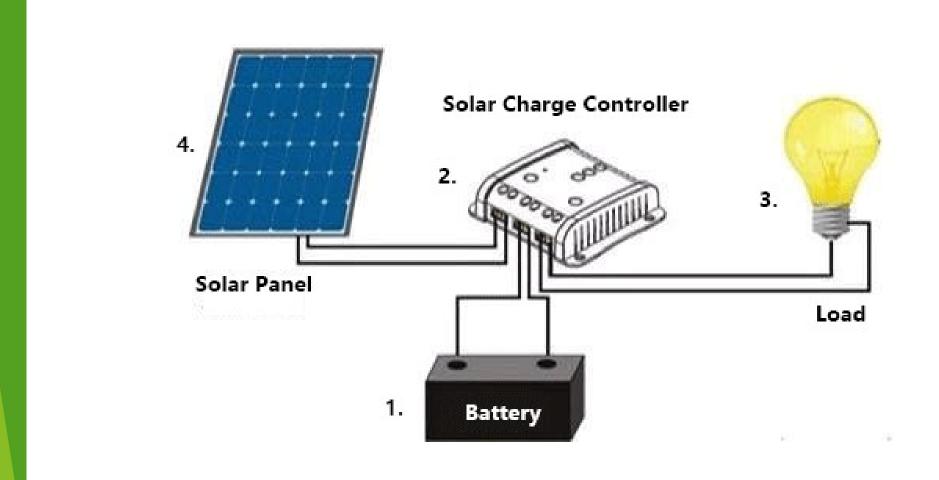






Potassium - 2.0 eV needed to eject electron

### Photoelectric effect



### Special Project I: How would you design the ideal grassland plant to meet these criteria:

- Optimize solar energy input
- Physical structure for avian, pollinator and wildlife habitat
- Phytochemical nutrition for grazers
- Withstand drought and deluge
- Feed soil macro and micro organisms

### Special Project II: Survey your favourite grassland

- Document observations
  - ▶ Plant diversity
  - Potential habitats
  - ► Insects, pollinators
  - ► Soil
  - Root zone
  - Microbes
- Map location of observations using GPS
- ► Link photograph to location



#### Resources

https://news.mongabay.com/2016/08/savannas-and-grasslands-are-more-biodiverse-than-you-might-think-and-were-not-doing-enough-to-conserve-them/

https://royalsocietypublishing.org/doi/10.1098/rstb.2015.0319

https://c402277.ssl.cf1.rackcdn.com/publications/1359/files/original/PlowprintReport\_2020\_FINAL\_08042020.pdf?1596569610

https://www.worldwildlife.org/projects/plowprint-report

https://news.mongabay.com/2016/12/grasslands-in-us-great-plains-are-being-destroyed-at-alarming-rate/

https://news.mongabay.com/2016/12/grasslands-in-us-great-plains-are-being-destroyed-at-alarming-rate/

https://news.mongabay.com/2020/09/tamper-with-nature-and-everyone-suffer qa-with-ecologist-enric-sala/